The following summary tables and overview of events survey hostile Israeli activities during the period 01 October 2013 to 31 October 2013. The report includes a summary table of events, classified by type, throughout the West Bank and Gaza Strip, in addition to a comparative table surveying events over the past three months. The survey is compiled from the Daily Situation Reports of the Palestinian Monitoring Group (PMG) of the Negotiations Affairs Department (NAD) of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO). The PMG monitors ground conditions in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, including Israeli and Palestinian violations. The PMG Daily Situation Reports are a survey of daily events collated from information provided by civil ministries and security agencies of the Palestinian National Authority. The information reported through the PMG process represents data available at the time of distribution only.
SAMPLE OF ISRAELI VIOLATIONS DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2013

- **04 October:** Israeli forces positioned at Al-Ram junction fired rubber coated steel bullets and tear gas grenades towards residents for alleged stoning and as a result injured 4 children: Ibrahim Al-Natsheh (17 years old), Tahsin Riyadeh (15 years old), Salim Al-Mubied (17 years old) and Eyham Al-Wahed (16 years old) leaving them hospitalised with contusions.

- **09 October:** Israeli Forces raided the town of El Khader, occupied the roof of a house, confrontation took place during which Israeli forces fired tear gas as a result injured a woman and several other suffocated from tear gas inhalation.

- **12 October:** An Israeli settler ran over Hamada Sa’ed (72 years old) near the entrance of Marda village and as a result left him hospitalised with contusions.

- **12 October:** Israeli settlers stormed the home of Hashim Azza in the old city of Hebron and assaulted 2 children: Yunis Azza (10 years old) and Raghad Azza (15 years old).

- **14 October:** An Israeli settler assaulted and stabbed a woman in the old city of Jerusalem and as a result leaving her hospitalised with severe stab wounds.

- **17 October:** Israeli forces positioned at “Rama” Military base located near Al-Ram opened fire towards a bulldozer as it attempted to storm the base killing Yunis Radaydeh, a resident of Beit Hanina.

- **21 October:** On October 21st 2013, Abdallah Teim (70 years old), resident of Funduq village died of injuries sustained after being ran over by an Israeli settler vehicle.

- **22 October:** Israeli forces raided Bil’in and Kafr Ni’meh villages, opened fire towards Mohammad Al-Assi, a resident of Beit Liqya as they attempted to detain him and as a result killed near Kafr Ni’meh village.

- **27 October:** An Israeli settler vehicle ran over the child Ayisha Al-Matour (12 years old) leaving her hospitalised with contusions and in critical condition.

- **29 October:** Israeli forces raided Taqou’ (for alleged firebombing of an Israeli settler vehicle), clashed with residents and as a result injured Ahmad Sabah (16 years old) after being struck with live ammunition in his back.

- **30 October:** Israeli forces raided Qabatiya, clashed with its residents as they stormed several homes then opened fire and as a result killed Ahmad Taza’a.

- **31 October:** Israeli forces escorting several military bulldozers stormed Al-Qarrara and Abbsan Al-Jaddida, opened fire towards agricultural land as they levelled it, during which confrontation erupted between Palestinian gunmen and Israeli forces as they opened fire towards the bulldozers during which Israeli aircrafts launched missiles towards the gunmen and as a result killed 4 Palestinian gunmen Rabi’ Barka, Khalid Barka, Mohammad Daoud and Mohammad Al-Qasas and injured another resident.
## SUMMARY TABLE OF EVENTS IN THE OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERRITORY – OCTOBER 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EVENT</th>
<th>WEST BANK</th>
<th>GAZA STRIP</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Killing</strong></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>On October 17th 2013, Israeli forces positioned at “Rama” Military base located near Al-Ram opened fire towards a bulldozer as it attempted to storm the base killing Yunis Radaydeh, a resident of Beit Hanina. On October 21st 2013, Abdullah Teim (70 years old), resident of Funduq village died of injuries sustained after being run over by an Israeli settler vehicle. On October 22nd 2013, Israeli forces raided Bil’in and Kafir Ni’meh villages, opened fire towards Mohammad Al-Assi, a resident of Beit Liqya as they attempted to detain him and as a result killed near Kafir Ni’meh village. On October 31st 2013, On the evening of October 31st 2013, Israeli military aircrafts launched a missile towards Al-Zaytouneh neighbourhood in east Gaza and as a result killed a Palestinian Gunman Ahmad Taza’a On October 31st 2013,Israeli forces escorting several military bulldozers stormed Al-Qarrara and Abbass Al-Jadida , opened fire towards agricultural land as they levelled it, during which confrontation erupted between Palestinian gunmen and Israeli forces as they opened fire towards the bulldozers during which Israeli aircrafts launched missiles towards the gunmen and as a result killed 4 Palestinian gunmen Rabi’ Barka, Khalid Barka, Mohammad Daoud and Mohammad Al-Qasas and injured another resident.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Injuries</strong></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>A total of 63 injuries were reported in the month of October(60 Palestinians in the West Bank and 3 in the Gaza Strip). Injuries included 10 children, 3 Women, 1 Elderly resident and 2 journalists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Attacks</strong></td>
<td>173</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>A total of 213 attacks were reported to have taken place during the month of October (173 in the West Bank and 40 in the Gaza Strip). The Israeli military carried out 17 attacks during raids into Palestinian residential areas, 157 attacks during confrontations between the Israeli military and Palestinians, and 27 attacks from Israeli military posts on civilian homes and property. In addition, Israeli navy vessels carried out 10 attacks on Palestinian fishermen and territory and Israeli aircrafts carried out 2 attacks on civilians’ targets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Raids</strong></td>
<td>471</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>486</td>
<td>The Israeli military carried out a total of 486 raids in Palestinian residential areas during the month of October, including 471 in the West Bank and 15 in the Gaza Strip. The majority of Israeli military raids were reported to have taken place in the districts of Jerusalem (32); Ramallah (49); Jenin (36); Tubas (13); Tulkarem (42); Qalqiliya (35); Nablus (69); Salfit (28); Jericho (23); Bethlehem (62); Hebron (82); North Gaza (5);Gaza (3),Central Gaza (2), Khan Yunis (4) and Rafah (1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arrests</strong></td>
<td>361</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>During the month of October, the Israeli military arrested 362 Palestinians (361 the West Bank and 1 in the Gaza Strip). The majority of arrests took place in the districts of Jerusalem (84); Ramallah (27); Jenin (15); Tubas (7) Tulkarem (12); Qalqiliya (34); Nablus (47); Salfit (12); Jericho (12); Bethlehem (31); Hebron (80) and North Gaza (1). Among those arrested by the Israeli military were: 51children; 1 journalist, 8 University student, 3 Women, 2 Palestinian Legislative Council members, an elderly resident, a journalist and 5 Security officers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Demolition</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>During the month of October the Israeli military demolished 8 homes and residential tents which consisted of the following: • Israeli forces demolished a 180 m2 home in Jabal Al-Mukabbir in Jerusalem. • Israeli forces raided Khirbit Makhoul located in the north Jordan valley, stormed 2 tents used to house several residents whose homes were demolished previously. • , Israeli Forces forced UsamaRajabi to demolish his home 75m2 for allegedly being built without proper licensing in Beit Hanina. • Israeli forces demolished a home consisting of 3 floors owned by Ayman Qurush in Beit Hanina for allegedly being built without proper licensing. • Israeli courts ruled in favour of demolishing a 2 floor home owned by Hamoudeh and Siyam families in Silwan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
neighbourhood in Jerusalem.

**The Israeli Military served the following demolition orders during the Month of October 2013:**

- Israeli forces raided Al-Oja village and served demolition orders for 5 barracks owned by Odeh Ka’abneh, Issa Ka’abneh, Nuh Ka’abneh, Yunis Ka’abneh and Suliman Ka’abneh.
- Israeli forces served 15 demolition orders for homes in Ras Shuhada neighbourhood and Ras Khamis neighbourhood in Jerusalem.
- Israeli forces served a demolition order for a restaurant owned by Nahid Yusef in Nablus for allegedly being built without proper licensing because of its location in Area C under Israeli Administrative and Military control.
- Israeli forces stormed Khirbit Al-Mughier village in south Yatta, served demolition orders for 2 homes and 2 water wells owned by Salameh Makharbeh, Yusef Abu Arram and Mohammad Abu Sabahiya for allegedly being built without a licence.
- Israeli forces served a demolition order for a home owned by Ayman Mahdawi in Shweikiya camp in Tulkarem for allegedly being built without a licence.
- Israeli forces raided Deir Khirba village located near Taqou’, served demolition orders for 2 homes and 2 water wells owned by Ibrahim Suliman, Ali Suliman and Kamal Suliman for allegedly being built without proper licensing because of its location in Area C which is under Israeli military and administrative control.
- Israeli forces raided Um Al-Khayer village located in east Yatta served a demolition order to demolish a bakery owned by Suliman Akl-Hathib alleging the smoke from the bakery is hazardous to “Karmil” settlement.
- Israeli forces raided Deir Sammit village, stormed and searched a home, served demolition order for 3 homes owned by Hassan Al-Sharha, Salameh Al-Sharha and Nayef Al-Rjoub for allegedly being built without proper licensing because of its location in area C which is under Israeli Military and Administrative control.
- Israeli forces stormed Al-Sheyoukh served 2 demolition orders for homes owned by Adnan Halayqa and Ahmad Qaddum for allegedly being built without proper licensing because its location in area C which is under Israeli administrative and military control.
- Israeli forces served demolition orders for 3 homes (50 m2, 65m2 and 70m2) owned by Siyam and Gayth families and an additional home under construction (75m2) owned by Awaydah family and an additional demolition order to demolish a merchant shop owned by Al-Tawil family in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.
- Israeli forces served 5 demolition orders for homes owned by Al-Abbassi, Alouwat and Assaf families in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.

**Attacks on Public & Private Property**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attacks on Public &amp; Private Property</th>
<th>113</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>113</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Damages included: Home furniture, vehicles, Olive trees, barrack’s and handed out demolition orders</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A total of 4 settlement activity incidents occurred during the month of September which included:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Israeli forces levelled plots of land in order to pave a road connecting Bruejin settlement with a bypass road in Salfit, Israeli forces began levelling plots of land in order to separate Al-Isawiya village from “GivatShabir” settlement located near the French Hill in east Jerusalem. Israeli forces raided several plots of agricultural land in the area between Ras Atiya and Ras Al-Tireh.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Home Occupation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Home Occupation</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Israeli Military occupied 8 homes during the month of October: Jenin (Ya’bad), Bethlehem (Al-Khadr &amp; near Bethlehem) Hebron (Al-Urub camp)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Curfew**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Curfew</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Israeli forces imposed a curfew on Matj Al-Naj’a &amp; Marj Al-Ghazal in Jericho (For alleged killing of an Israeli settler) and Huwara in Nablus (for alleged fire-bombing of Israeli settler vehicle)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Closure of Crossing Points**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Closure of Crossing Points</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>155</th>
<th>155</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Israeli military completely closed crossing points into the Gaza Strip, including access points within the Green Line, on occasions during the month of October. The Israeli military closed crossing points within the Green Line on 47 occasions.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Flying Checkpoints**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flying Checkpoints</th>
<th>409</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>409</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Israeli military set up 409 flying checkpoints in October and searched Palestinian civilians and vehicles in and around Palestinian residential areas in the districts of Jerusalem (70); Ramallah (13); Jenin (18); Tubas (8); Tulkarem (7); Qalqiliya (36); Nablus (72); Salfit (15); Jericho (11); Bethlehem (43); Hebron (116).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Provocation of**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provocation of</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>13</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| The Israeli military provoked or harassed National Security forces on 6 Occasions, Palestinian Police on 6 occasions and Preventive
Palestinian Forces: Settler Violence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settler Forces</th>
<th>Attacks on Religious Sites</th>
<th>Assault on Health Sector</th>
<th>Settlement Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Security Force on 1 occasion.</td>
<td>Israeli settler raided the vicinity of Al-Aqsa mosque compound and tore down a concrete wall inside of Al-Ibrahimi mosque which separates Israeli and Palestinian worshipers in the old city of Hebron. Israeli settlers vandalised and wrote racist graffiti on mosque walls in Ramallah and Beit Iqsa village in Jerusalem.</td>
<td>Israeli forces seized an ambulance carrying an ill patient at “MovoDotan” checkpoint in Jenin.</td>
<td>Israeli authorities approved the construction of 582 settlement units (296 in Bet El settlement in Al-Berih, 160 settlement units in “Yakir” in Salfit and 96 settlement units in “Al-Mog” settlement located north of the Dead Sea in Jericho) all on land occupied in 1967. Israeli forces dug a 200 m long and 5 m depth tunnel near the wall gate located near Al-Quds Abu Dis University in Jerusalem. Israeli Authorities approved the building of new 58 units in the settlement of “Besgat Zeave” in occupied Jerusalem. Israeli authorities approved plans for the construction of 1500 settlement units in “Ramot Shlomo” settlement for the purpose of expanding the settlement with units, construction of a park and a tourist resort in Jerusalem on land occupied in 1967.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| TOTAL | 1750 | 218 | 1968 |

**Absolute Table of Events over the Past Three Months**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EVENT</th>
<th>AUGUST 2013</th>
<th>SEPTEMBER 2013</th>
<th>OCTOBER 2013</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deaths</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>An increase of 166.7% compared to the last month.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injuries</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>A decrease by 62.7% compared to September and a decrease of 18.2% from last August. The number of children injured is 10 in October compared with 26 in September and 15 in August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attacks</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>A decrease in the number of attacks by 22.5% compared to last month and an increase by 10.4% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raids</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>421</td>
<td>486</td>
<td>An increase by 15.4% compared to September and an increase by 21.5% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrests</td>
<td>277</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>A decrease of 16.2% compared to September and increase of 30.7% compared to August. The number of arrested children was 51 compared to 56 in September and 37 in August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Demolition</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>A decrease of 63.2% compared to September and 69.6% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attacks on Property</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>A decrease of 20.4% compared to last month (September) and increase of by 33% compared to last August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Occupation</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>A decrease by 42.9% compared to last month (September).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curfews</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>An increase of 200% compared to last month (September).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flying Checkpoints</td>
<td>465</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>409</td>
<td>A decrease of 15% compared to September and decrease of 12% compared to last August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complete Closure of Crossing Points</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>The Israeli military closed crossing points within the Green Line on 108 occasions compared to 108 last month. <strong>Yasser Arafat International Airport</strong> has remained closed since the outbreak of the second Intifada. <strong>Rafah (Al-Awda) crossing point was open 15 times by Israeli military during the month of August.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attacks on</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>A decrease of 30.8% compared to last month (September) and an increase of 50% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious Sites</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>A increase of 100% compared to last month (September)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault on Health Sector</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>A decrease of 36.4% since last month (September) and an increase of 600% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provocation of Palestinian Forces</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>An increase of 30% compared to the last month (September) and an increase of 550% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settler Violence</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>An increase of 26% compared to the last month (September) and 112.5% compared to August.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1768</td>
<td>2239</td>
<td>1968</td>
<td>During the month of October, the total incidents decreased by 12.1% compared to September due to the decrease in the number of raids, Killings, and. Likewise, total events increase by 12.8% compared to August as a result in the increase in the number of killings, Attacks, raids and arrests.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMPARISON OF ISRAELI RAIDS, ATTACKS AND PALESTINIAN HUMAN CASUALTIES OVER THE PAST 3 MONTHS

COMPARISON OF INCIDENTS OF DEATHS, INJURIES, AND ARRESTS OVER THE PAST 3 MONTHS
ANALYSIS OF EVENTS

1. Killing: A total of 8 killings were reported in the month of October:

- On October 17th 2013, Israeli forces positioned at “Rama” Military base located near Al-Ram opened fire towards a bulldozer as it attempted to storm the base killing Yunis Radaydeh, a resident of Beit Hanina.
- On October 21st 2013, Abdullah Teim (70 years old), resident of Funduq village died of injuries sustained after being ran over by an Israeli settler vehicle.
- On October 22nd 2013, Israeli forces raided Bil’in and Kafr Nî’meh villages, opened fire towards Mohammad Al-Assi, a resident of Beit Liqya as they attempted to detain him and as a result killed near Kafr Nî’meh village.
- On October 31st 2013, On the evening of October 31st 2013, Israeli military aircrafts launched a missile towards Al-Zaytouneh neighbourhood in east Gaza and as a result killed a Palestinian Gunman Ahmad Taza’a
- On October 31st 2013, Israeli forces escorting several military bulldozers stormed Al-Qarrara and Abbsan Al-Jaddida, opened fire towards agricultural land as they levelled it, during which confrontation erupted between Palestinian gunmen and Israeli forces as they opened fire towards the bulldozers during which Israeli aircrafts launched missiles towards the gunmen and as a result killed 4 Palestinian gunmen Rabi’ Barka, Khalid Barka, Mohammad Daoud and Mohammad Al-Qasas and injured another resident.

2. Injuries
A total of 63 injuries were reported in the month of October (60 Palestinians in the West Bank and 3 in the Gaza Strip). Injuries included 10 children, 3 Women, 1 Elderly resident and 2 journalists.

3. Arrests
During the month of October, the Israeli military arrested 362 Palestinians (361 the West Bank and 1 in the Gaza Strip). The majority of arrests took place in the districts of Jerusalem (84); Ramallah (27); Jenin (15); Tubas (7) Tulkarem (12); Qalqiliya (34); Nablus (47); Salfit (12); Jericho (12); Bethlehem (31); Hebron (80) and North Gaza (1). Among those arrested by the Israeli military were: 51 children; 1 journalist, 8 University student, 3 Women, 2 Palestinian Legislative Council members, an elderly resident, a journalist and 5 Security officers.

Israeli forces temporarily detained 313 residents at checkpoint and in residential area including 46 children, 5 women, 2 journalists, a Palestine Broadcast Channel crew and 17 Palestinian Security Forces officer.
4. Closure
Especially on Fridays, the Israeli military continues to intensify restrictions at checkpoints located at the entrances of Jerusalem, and to restrict entrance to the Al Aqsa Mosque compound in the old city of Jerusalem, preventing worshippers from accessing the Mosque. At the Qalandiya checkpoint north of Jerusalem, the Israeli military continues to prevent PNA registered civilian vehicles from crossing the intensified checkpoint towards Ar Ram and Qalandiya as well as Dahiyat al Bareed. The checkpoint is overcrowded daily, particularly during rush hours, due to intensified restrictions and search measures applied by Israeli troops. During the month of May, the Israeli military also continued to intensify restrictions at the Tayasir checkpoint and Al Hamra junction checkpoint leading to the Jordan Valley area, only allowing access to civilians whose IDs indicate District of Jericho residence or others holding special access permits. In addition, restrictions were intensifying and civilian access was obstructed at the Za’tara junction checkpoint (separating the northern and central West Bank districts) as well as at the As Sawahira ash Sharqiya (the ‘Container’) checkpoint (separating the central and southern West Bank districts).

Distribution of flying checkpoints in the West Bank

Further impeding civilian movement and access, the Israeli military set up 409 flying checkpoints in and around Palestinian residential areas throughout the West Bank in October, compared to 481 last month (September) and 465 in August. In general, Israeli troops positioned at these flying checkpoints disrupted civilian access and movement of goods, including agricultural produce. The Israeli military set up 409 flying checkpoints in October and searched Palestinian civilians and vehicles in and around Palestinian residential areas in the districts of Jerusalem (70); Ramallah (13); Jenin (18); Tubas (8); Tulkarem (7); Qalqiliya (36); Nablus (72); Salfit (15); Jericho (11); Bethlehem (43); Hebron (116).
5. **Attacks**
A total of 213 attacks were reported to have taken place during the month of October (173 in the West Bank and 40 in the Gaza Strip).

The Israeli military carried out 17 attacks during raids into Palestinian residential areas, 157 attacks during confrontations between the Israeli military and Palestinians, and 27 attacks from Israeli military posts on civilian homes and property. In addition, Israeli navy vessels carried out 10 attacks on Palestinian fishermen and territory and Israeli aircrafts carried out 2 attacks on civilian targets.

At 02:00 on 18 January 2009, the Israeli military declared a unilateral ceasefire following the large-scale offensive it had launched against the Gaza Strip. However, the Israeli military violated the ceasefire on 40 occasions during the month of October (compared to 28 last September). Also disregarding Israel’s unilaterally declared ceasefire armed Palestinian groups fired 6 mortar rounds.

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Attacks on residential areas in West Bank districts
6. Raids
The Israeli military carried out a total of 486 raids in Palestinian residential areas during the month of October, including 471 in the West Bank and 15 in the Gaza Strip. The majority of Israeli military raids were reported to have taken place in the districts of Jerusalem (32); Ramallah (49); Jenin (36); Tubas (13); Tulkarem (42); Qalqiliya (35); Nablus (69); Salfit (28); Jericho (23); Bethlehem (62); Hebron (82); North Gaza (5); Gaza (3); Central Gaza (2), Khan Yunis (4) and Rafah (1).

The Israeli military opened fire on 174 occasions during raids and clashes with civilians. (A total of 81.7% of attacks)

The chart below shows the correlation between the number of raids and the resulting human casualties in October.
7. Home Demolition

During the month of October the Israeli military demolished 8 homes and residential tents which consisted of the following:

- Israeli forces demolished a 180 m² home in Jabal Al-Mukabbir in Jerusalem.
- Israeli forces raided Khirbit Makhoul located in the north Jordan valley, stormed 2 tents used to house several residents whose homes were demolished previously.
- Israeli Forces forced Usama Rajabi to demolish his home 75m² for allegedly being built without proper licencing in Beit Hanina.
- Israeli forces demolished a home consisting of 3 floors owned by Ayman Qurush in Beit Hanina for allegedly being built without proper licencing.
- Israeli courts ruled in favour of demolishing a 2 floor home owned by Hamoudeh and Siyam families in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.

The Israeli Military served the following demolition orders during the Month of October 2013:

- Israeli forces raided Al-Oja village and served demolition orders for 5 barracks owned by Odeh Ka’abneh, Issa Ka’abneh, Nuh Ka’abneh, Yunis Ka’abneh and Suliman Ka’abneh.
- Israeli forces served 15 demolition orders for homes in Ras Shuhada neighbourhood and Ras Khamis neighbourhood in Jerusalem.
- Israeli forces served a demolition order for a restaurant owned by Nahid Yusef in Nablus for allegedly being built without proper licencing because of its location in Area C under Israeli Administrative and Military control.
- Israeli forces stormed Khirbit Al-Mughier village in south Yatta, served demolition orders for 2 homes and 2 water wells owned by Salameh Makharbeh, Yusef Abu Arram and Mohammad Abu Sabahiya for allegedly being built without a licence.
- Israeli forces served a demolition order for a home owned by Ayman Mahdawi in Shweikiya camp in Tulkarem for allegedly being built without a licence.
- Israeli forces raided Deir Khirba village located near Taqou’, served demolition orders for 3 homes owned by Ibrahim Suliman, Ali Suliman and Kamal Suliman for allegedly being built without proper licencing because of its location in Area C which is under Israeli military and administrative control.
- Israeli forces raided Um Al-Khayer village located in east Yatta served a demolition order to demolish a bakery owned by Suliman Akl-Hathib alleging the smoke from the bakery is hazardous to “Karmil” settlement.
- Israeli forces raided Deir Sammit village, stormed and searched a home, served demolition order for 3 homes owned by Hassan Al-Sharha, Salameh Al-Sharha and Nayef Al-Rjoub for allegedly being built without proper licencing because of its location in area C which is under Israeli Military and Administrative control.
- Israeli forces served demolition orders for 3 homes (50 m², 65m² and 70m²) owned by Siyam and Gayth families and an additional home under construction (75m²) owned by Awaydah family and an additional demolition order to demolish a merchant shop owned by Al-Tawil family in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.
- Israeli forces served 5 demolition orders for homes owned by Al-Abbassi, Alouwat and Assaf families in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.

8. Attacks on Public and Private Property

A total of 113 incidents of destruction and confiscation of Palestinian public and private property were reported in October including 113 in the West Bank.

Attack on Public and Private property occurred as follows per District:
Jerusalem: Israeli settlers set fire to two vehicles which led to the burning of a vehicle in the village of Beit Ilka.

Ramallah: Four vehicles were damaged in Al-Jalazoun camp in Ramallah, 100 Olive trees were uprooted by Israeli settlers in Deir Sharaf village, several sacks of Olive harvest was destroyed by Israeli settlers in Burqa village, several Olive tree limbs were damaged by Israeli settlers in Ras KarKar village and uprooting of 20 Olive trees by Israeli settlers in Turmus’ayya.

Jenin: Israeli forces preventing several residents from picking harvest olives from their lands in Ya’bad village.

Tubas: Israeli forces demolished of a number of stables for livestock in the village of Khirbet Makhoul in the Jordan Valley North, forcing 8 families to temporarily evacuate their home for alleged military training in the village of Abzik and stormed Al-Burj area in the north Jordan Valley.

Tulkarm: Israeli settlers cut several Olive branches in Ras Al Ghars area in Beit Lid.

Qalqiliya: Israeli settler uprooted and damaged 70 Olive trees in Jit village, damaged 17 Olive trees in Kafr Laqif, prevented several residents from farming their lands in Jinsafut village, prevented several residents from entering their land for Olive harvest in Kafr Qaddum and Jit village, prevented several residents from entering their land and collecting Olive harvest in Jit village and Israeli settler damaged 53 Olive trees in Kafr Laqif village.

Nablus: Israeli forces demolished a livestock shelter, a concrete wall and a water tank in Khirbeit AL-Tawil area in Aqraba, Israeli settlers damaged several Olive tree in Deir Al-Hatab village, Israeli settlers damaged and uprooted 400 Olive trees in the area between Qaryut and Jalud villages, damaged 5 vehicles in Jalud village, sawed off and damaged 100 Olive trees in Qaryut village, damaged several fruit bearing trees in Burin village, damaged the limbs of 30 Olive trees in Huwara and prevented resident from collecting Olive harvest in Awarta village, and damaged 20 Olive trees in Einbweis village.

Bethlehem: Israeli settler uprooted 80 Olive trees in Al-Khadr, damaged several Olive trees and grape vines in Nahhalin village, set fire to 70 Olive trees and 20 Almond trees in Al-Khadr.

Hebron: Israeli settler uprooted 40 Olive trees in Yatta, damaged 50 Olive trees in Al-Rayha village, prevented several residents from entering their land in order to collect Olive harvest in Yatta, Israeli settlers chased away several residents from their agricultural land in Ithna, prevented several residents from entering their farm land in Yatta, damaged several Grape vines on approximately 4 acres (dunumes) of agricultural land in Al-Bawara area and Israeli forces damaged the main entrance of a school in the old city of Hebron.

The Israeli military served the following demolition orders for the month of October 2013:

- Israeli military served a demolition order for a restaurant in Sabastiya village in Nablus for allegedly being built without proper licencing because of its location in area C which is under Israeli military and administrative control.
- The Israeli military served demolition orders for 5 barracks in Al-Oja village in Jericho.
- The Israeli military served a notice preventing residents from rehabilitation construction on a home in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem after Israeli forces demolished a section of the home.
The Israeli military served demolition orders for a livestock shed and 2 water wells in Al-Mughier Al-Abeed village in Hebron.

The Israeli military served eviction notice to a resident to leave his area of residence in Al-Oja village in Jericho.

The Israeli military served a notice for the removal of 10 Solar Panels used to generate electricity for Khirbit Safi village located in south Yatta in Hebron.

The Israeli military served demolition notices for 12 livestock shed (Barracks) in the north Jordan valley in Tubas.

The Israeli military served notices preventing residents from entering their agricultural land in Anabta near the wall gate in Jerusalem.

The Israeli military served eviction notices for 7 families to temporarily leave their homes (Tents) in Ibziq village in Tubas for alleged military training.

The Israeli military served eviction notices for 9 families to temporarily leave their homes (Tents) in Burj Al-Mayta area in Tubas for alleged military training.

The Israeli military seized a water tank in the north Jordan valley in Tubas.

The Israeli Military served halt to construction notices for a home (under construction) in Rafat village in Ramallah for allegedly being built without proper licencing.

The Israeli military served halt to construction orders for the construction of a public park in Fuqin village in Bethlehem.

The Israeli courts ruled in favour of the removal of residents from a cave he is residing in located near his home after Israeli forces demolished his home in Silwan neighbourhood in Jerusalem.

The Israeli military served a demolition notice for the demolition of a bakery in Um Al-Khier village in Hebron.

The Israeli military served a notice for the demolition of a merchant store in Silwan village in Jerusalem.

The Israeli military served a notice to halt construction of a mosque and a livestock shed (Baracks) in Yatta in Hebron.

The Israeli military served a notice to halt construction of a storage room in Al-Jawiya village in Hebron.

The Israeli military served a notice to halt construction of a public park in Bart’a village in Jenin for allegedly being built without proper licencing.

The Israeli military served a halt to construction notice for a home (under construction) in Zif village in Hebron.

**Israeli forces confiscated the following property during the month of October 2013:**

**Jerusalem:** Israeli forces confiscated surveillance equipment from several merchant stores in Al-Tur neighbourhood, surveillances equipment from a gas station in Al-Ram, a computer and a cellular telephone from a home in Silwan, a computer from a photography shop in the old city of Jerusalem.

**Ramallah:** Israeli forces confiscated a computer and a cellular telephone from a home in Rafat village and confiscated several surveillance equipment and a computer as they stormed a pharmacy and 3 merchant shops in Ni’lin.

**Tubas:** Israeli forces confiscated 2 tents used by resident of Khirbit Makhoul village in the north Jordan valley in Tubas (After Israeli forces demolished their homes) and confiscated a computer from a home in Tubas.

**Nablus:** Israeli forces confiscated a computer in Balata camp, several computers from several University students in Nablus and confiscated several surveillance equipment from merchant stores in Deir Sharaf village.
Qalqiliya: Israeli forces confiscated an Identification card from a resident after storming his home in Qalqiliya city.

Salfit: Israeli forces confiscated an agricultural tractor in Kafil Harris village and 3 resident identification cards as they stormed Yasuf village.

Bethlehem: Israeli forces confiscated a bulldozer near “Betar Eliyat” settlement, a truck, a bulldozer and a saw near “NaviDaneil “settlement and a bulldozer near Abu Najim village.

Hebron: Israeli forces confiscated a motorcycle near Deir Sammit village; a small bulldozer, a refrigerator truck and several electrical wires in Al-Fahs area in south Hebron.

12. Settler Violence
A total of 102 incidents of Settler violence occurred during the month of October including:

Jerusalem: Israeli settlers destroyed tomb stones in the Latin Church cemetery in the old city of Jerusalem, damaged a car wash machine in Al-Nabi Sameul village, stoned several homes and residents in Rafat village, torched 2 vehicles and sprayed racist graffiti on mosque walls in Beit Iqsa village, damaged several vehicle wind shields and spayed racist graffiti on them in a Car dealership in Al-Shiekh Jarrah neighbourhood, stabbed a resident in Al-Masara neighbourhood, assaulted 4 residents as they were riding a bus and assaulted 4 residents as they were in a toy store in Jerusalem.

Ramallah: Israeli settlers provoked several residents as they were collecting Olive harvests in Al-Mughier and Khirbeit Abu Falah villages, damaged several Olive tree limbs in Ras KarKar village, set fire to 30 Olive trees in Turmus’ayya, torched 3 vehicles and sprayed racist graffiti on mosque walls in Burqa village, stole several sacks of Olive harvests in Burqa village, damaged 20 Olive trees in Turmus’ayya, stormed agricultural land and prevented residents from collecting Olive harvests in Ein Qiniya village, stoned several vehicles near “Bet El “settlement junction, set fire to several tires near Al-Nabi Saleh village, assaulted and injured a resident in Al-Mughier village, assaulted several residents as they were collecting Olive harvest in Sinjil village.

Jenin: Israeli settlers stoned vehicles near Ya’bad, closed the road connecting Ya’bad and Amriha village and stormed the previously abandoned settlement “Homish”.

Tulkarem: Israeli settlers damaged the limbs of several Olive trees in Ras Al-Ghars area in Beit Lid.

Nablus: Israeli settlers uprooted 100 Olive trees in Deir Saharaf village, assaulted several residents as they were collecting Olive harvests and stole several sacks of Olive harvest in Burqa village, set fire to several Olive trees in Burin village, set fire to several Olive trees in Qaryut and Jallud villages, stormed Burqa and stoned a school, set fire to agricultural land in Deir Al-Hatab, stole several sacks of Olive harvest in Yanun village in Aqraba, assaulted several residents as they were collecting Olive harvests near Burin and Iraq Burin villages, seized 20 dunumes (acres) of agricultural land, levelled it and placed a barbed wire fence around the as well as placing electrical generators in the area in an attempt to confiscate the land in Asira Al-Shimaliya village, sawed off and damaged 100 Olive trees in Qaryut village, stoned and assaulted several residents as they were collecting Olive harvest in Burin village, damaged several Olive tree limbs in Burin village, levelled 10 dunumes( acres) of agricultural land in Jallud village, stoned vehicles and residents near Huwara checkpoint.
assaulted a resident and damaged a camera owned by an International Peace activist in Burin village, damaged the limbs of 30 Olive trees in Huwara and damaged the limbs of 20 Olive trees in Einbuis village near “Yitsahar” settlement.

Qalqiliya: Israeli settlers stole 15 sacks of Olive harvest and several farming equipment from agricultural land near “Gillad” settlement outpost, damaged and uprooted 70 Olive trees in Jit village, damaged 17 Olive trees in Kafr Laqif village, damaged 53 Olive trees in Kafr Laqif village and ran over and injured a 70 year old resident with his vehicle near Al-Funduq village.

Salfit: Israeli settlers prevented several residents from collecting Olive harvest and chased them from their agricultural land in Al-Zawiya village and assaulted several residents as they were collecting Olive harvest in Yasuf village and ran over a 72 year old woman in Murad in Salfit.

Bethlehem: Israeli settlers stormed Ush Al-Ghurab area in Beit Sahur, assaulted and injured 2 residents near “Daniel” settlement in Al-Khadr, uprooted 80 Olive trees in Jabal Batn Al-Assi area in Al-Khadr, pumped sewage waste onto agricultural land in Al-Khadr, ran over a resident with his vehicle near “Betar Eliyat” settlement, stoned several residents and vehicle near Dar Salah village junction in Beit Sahur, assaulted and injured several residents and International Peace activists as they were collecting Olive harvest near “Nuqudim” settlement, stoned several vehicles passing along the main road connecting Janata and Taqou’, set fire to agricultural land in Nahhalin village, set fire to agricultural land and uprooted 20 Olive almond trees in Al-Khadr.

Hebron: Israeli settlers set fire to 4 dunumes (acres) of agricultural land and damaged several grape vines near “Kharisna” settlement, uprooted and damaged 40 Olive trees near “Migon” and Sweisa” settlements in south Yatta, set fire to several tress in Al-Karintina cemetery and a residential home garden in the old city of Hebron, stole several sacks of Olive harvest in Al-Rayhiya village, assaulted and injured a resident near the entrance of “KiryatArba’” settlement in the old city of Hebron, ran over a child in Beit Einun village, stoned a residents and threatened him to not enter his agricultural land located near “Bat Ein” settlement” in Beit Ummar, assaulted and stoned several residents and International peace activists as they were collecting olive harvests and as a result injured 3 residents including a woman in addition to a International photographer from (Israeli Peace Now) near Swissya village in Yatta, stormed a home and injured 2 children in Tel Al-Rumayda neighbourhood in the old city of Hebron and assaulted and injured 5 year old child in the old city of Hebron.

13. Closure of Crossing Points
The Israeli military completely closed crossing points into the Gaza Strip, including access points within the Green Line, on 155 occasions during the month of October. The Israeli military closed crossing points within the Green Line on 108 occasions. It opened Beit Hanun (Erez) Crossing for 27 days for previously-coordinated humanitarian cases and foreign nationals and Karm Abu Salem (Karem Shalom) Crossing for 20 days for transportation of food supplies, humanitarian aid, and cooking gas. In addition to allowing in animal feed, construction cargo designated for UNRWA and internationally-funded projects was transported through the Crossing. Sufa Crossing was closed throughout the month. On the other hand, the Israeli authorities have continued to unilaterally close Ash Shuja’iya (Nahal ‘Oz) Crossing. Beginning on 02 March 2011, the Israeli authorities has also continued to completely close Al Muntar (Karnei) Commercial Crossing.

The Israeli military closed international crossing points on 47 occasions. Rafah Crossing was open for 15 days to allow access to civilians departing the Gaza Strip and to those arriving from Egypt. Yasser Arafat International Airport has remained closed since the outbreak of the second Intifada.